**2CWK30 - Database Systems**

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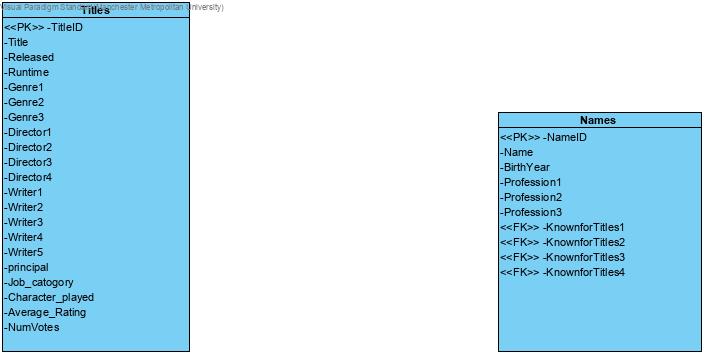
# Preface

The final submission was written in MySQL and the Database engine we used to migrate the data was MariaDB.

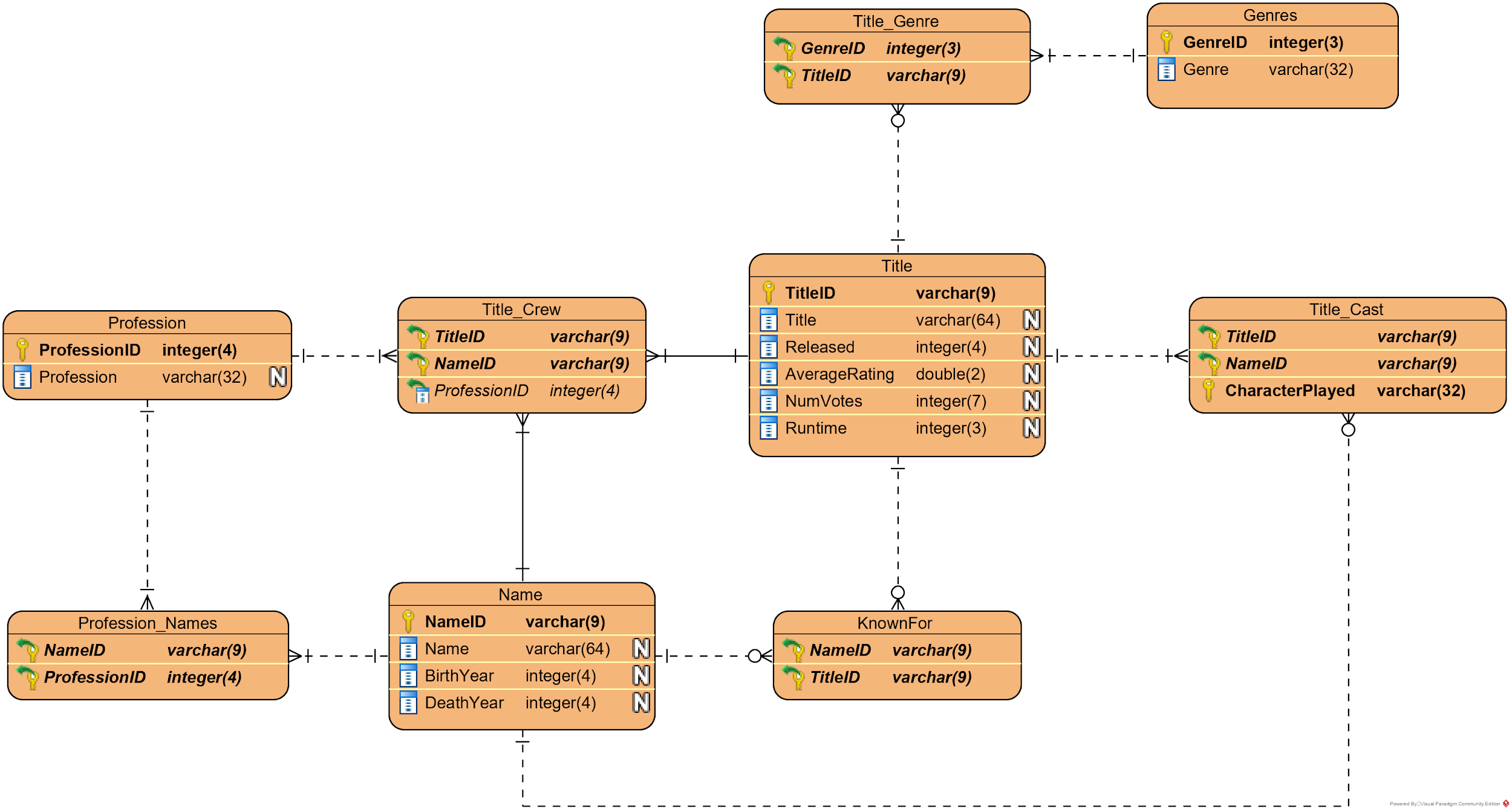
To migrate data, the tables from the original data dumps must exist in your DBMS, and the column names must be identical to those in the original data dumps. The table responsible for names must be called “onames” and the table responsible for titles must be called “otitle” for migrations to complete correctly.

# Entity-relationship diagrams

## Old system



## New design



# Assumptions made about the database

We have assumed that Null genres don’t matter within the database, aside from that, nothing has been assumed. We have verified situations where people may have played multiple roles etc.

# Critique of the current system

## Relationships

To begin, the system in its current form can’t be converted into a relational database due to the duplication of potential foreign key fields (KNOWNFORTITLES 1-4) and also multiple instances of the same TITLEID in different records. This is the case as in the Titles table, the title id isn’t the primary key of the title and therefore would need to be a composite primary key. This causes issues as the composite data can’t be paired with the title id (as found in the dump). This ultimately means that while it may not look like it, there is no relationship between the data as there is no one field that uniquely identifies the records.

## Associations

While the existing system has no relationships between the entities, there are associations between the KNOWNFORTITLES, there is an association between that field and the TITLEID and also an association between the NAMEID and the names in the title table. It’s a good idea to try and preserve uniquely identifiable data for individual records as eventually, 1 NAMEID will identify 1 person and 1 TITLEID will identify 1 title.

## Duplicate attributes

For the names dump, there are multiple profession fields, e.g. PROFESSION1, PROFESSION2. This should be represented as a separate entity and should be a one to many relationships, with one person being able to have many professions. There is also multiple known for fields, e.g. KNOWNFORTITLES1, KNOWNFORTITLES2. This shouldn’t be included in the final system as people and films will have relationships between them.

There are also multiple director fields, e.g. DIRECTOR1, DIRECTOR2. This should be represented as a separate entity, with the TITLE\_ID attribute as the foreign key. Should be a one to many relationships, with one title entity being able to have multiple directors. The same issue exists with writers, WRITER1, WRITER2. This should be represented as a separate entity, with the TITLE\_ID attribute as the foreign key. This too should be a one-to-many relationship.

There are multiple writer fields, e.g. Multiple genre fields, e.g. GENRE1, GENRE2. This should be represented as a separate entity, with the TITLE\_ID attribute as the foreign key. This should be a one to many relationships, one title entity and multiple genres. This is an issue though as many titles can cover many genres, therefore, we will need to include a weak entity between the two.

Lastly, there is a duplication of PROFESSION fields which limits the number of roles one person can have. Ideally, we would have a separate entity for this or replace this with the individual entity and branching off this for entities like WRITER and DIRECTOR.

## Redundancy

As well as duplicate attributes, there are also instances where the data itself is repeated in the tuples. For example, the duplication of most titles as they have different principals. This increases the risk of data duplication and the risk of data inconsistency. It also creates issues when you want to Update, Delete or Insert as you’re not able to update all records simultaneously, you have to go through each record and update it, you also can’t delete records as other data is dependent on the existing data. If you had a relational model when you create data it relies on other data to be present and eliminates the risk of these anomalies so long as the data is in 3rd normal form or higher.

# Migration

## Create Tables for the new system

CREATE TABLE Title (

TitleID varchar(9) PRIMARY KEY,

Title varchar(255),

Released int(4),

Runtime int(4),

AverageRating float(3,2),

NumVotes int(7)

);

CREATE TABLE Name(

NameID varchar(9) PRIMARY KEY,

Name varchar(100),

BirthYear int(4),

DeathYear int(4)

);

CREATE TABLE Genres(

GenreID int(3) AUTO\_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,

Genre varchar(32)

);

CREATE TABLE Professions(

ProfessionID int(4) AUTO\_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,

Profession varchar(32)

);

CREATE TABLE Title\_Cast(

CharacterPlayed varchar(32),

TitleID varchar(9) REFERENCES Title(TitleID),

NameID varchar(9) REFERENCES Name(NameID),

PRIMARY KEY (CharacterPlayed, TitleID, NameID)

);

CREATE TABLE Title\_Genre(

GenreID int(3) REFERENCES Genres(GenreID),

TitleID varchar(9) REFERENCES Title(TitleID),

PRIMARY KEY (GenreID, TitleID)

);

CREATE TABLE KnownFor(

NameID varchar(9) REFERENCES Name(NameID),

TitleID varchar(9) REFERENCES Title(TitleID),

PRIMARY KEY (NameID, TitleID)

);

CREATE TABLE Profession\_Names(

NameID varchar(9) REFERENCES Name(NameID),

ProfessionID int(4) REFERENCES Professions(ProfessionID),

PRIMARY KEY(NameID,ProfessionID)

);

CREATE TABLE Title\_Crew(

JobRole INT(4) REFERENCES professions(ProfessionID),

NameID varchar(9) REFERENCES Name(NameID),

TitleID varchar(9) REFERENCES Title(TitleID),

PRIMARY KEY (NameID, TitleID)

);

## Migrations

### Name table migration

INSERT INTO name(NameId, Name, BirthYear, DeathYear)

SELECT DISTINCT NAME\_ID AS NameId, Name, birthyear, deathyear

FROM onames;

### Title table migration

INSERT INTO title(TitleID, Title, Released, Runtime, AverageRating, NumVotes)

SELECT DISTINCT TITLE\_ID AS TitleID, TITLE AS Title, RELEASED AS Released, RUNTIME AS Runtime, AVERAGERATING AS AverageRating, NUMVOTES AS NumVotes

FROM otitles;

INSERT IGNORE INTO title(TitleID)

SELECT DISTINCT TitleID

FROM

(

SELECT KNOWNFORTITLES1 AS TitleID FROM onames

UNION

SELECT KNOWNFORTITLES2 AS TitleID FROM onames

UNION

SELECT KNOWNFORTITLES3 AS TitleID FROM onames

UNION

SELECT KNOWNFORTITLES4 AS TitleID FROM onames

) x;

### Genres table migration

INSERT INTO genres (Genre)

SELECT DISTINCT genres FROM

(

SELECT GENRE1 AS genres FROM otitles

UNION

SELECT GENRE2 AS genres FROM otitles

UNION

SELECT GENRE3 AS genres FROM otitles

) A;

### Professions table migration

INSERT INTO professions (Profession)

SELECT DISTINCT prof FROM

(

SELECT Profession1 AS prof FROM onames

UNION

SELECT Profession2 AS prof FROM onames

UNION

SELECT Profession3 AS prof FROM onames

UNION

SELECT DISTINCT JOB\_CATEGORY AS prof FROM otitles

) A;

### Title\_genre migration

INSERT INTO title\_genre (TitleID, GenreID)

SELECT DISTINCT TITLE\_ID AS TitleID, GenreID

FROM otitles

INNER JOIN genres ON otitles.GENRE1 = genres.Genre;

INSERT INTO title\_genre (TitleID, GenreID)

SELECT DISTINCT TITLE\_ID AS TitleID, GenreID

FROM otitles

INNER JOIN genres ON otitles.GENRE2 = genres.Genre;

INSERT INTO title\_genre (TitleID, GenreID)

SELECT DISTINCT TITLE\_ID AS TitleID, GenreID

FROM otitles

INNER JOIN genres ON otitles.GENRE3 = genres.Genre;

### KnownFor Migration

INSERT INTO knownfor(NameID,TitleID)

SELECT NAME\_ID AS NameID, KNOWNFORTITLES1 AS TitleID

FROM onames

WHERE KNOWNFORTITLES1 IS NOT NULL;

INSERT INTO knownfor(NameID,TitleID)

SELECT NAME\_ID AS NameID, KNOWNFORTITLES2 AS TitleID

FROM onames

WHERE KNOWNFORTITLES2 IS NOT NULL;

INSERT INTO knownfor(NameID,TitleID)

SELECT NAME\_ID AS NameID, KNOWNFORTITLES3 AS TitleID

FROM onames

WHERE KNOWNFORTITLES3 IS NOT NULL;

INSERT INTO knownfor(NameID,TitleID)

SELECT NAME\_ID AS NameID, KNOWNFORTITLES4 AS TitleID

FROM onames

WHERE KNOWNFORTITLES4 IS NOT NULL;

### Title\_Crew Migration

INSERT INTO title\_crew(JobRole, NameID, TitleID)

SELECT ProfessionID, PRINCIPAL AS NameID, TITLE\_ID AS TitleID

FROM otitles

INNER JOIN professions ON professions.Profession = otitles.JOB\_CATEGORY;

### Profession\_Names

INSERT INTO profession\_names(NameID, ProfessionID)

SELECT DISTINCT PRINCIPAL AS NameID, ProfessionID

FROM otitles

INNER JOIN professions ON professions.Profession = otitles.JOB\_CATEGORY;

### Title\_Cast

INSERT IGNORE INTO title\_cast(CharacterPlayed, TitleID, NameID)

SELECT SUBSTRING\_INDEX(CHARACTERS\_PLAYED,";", 1) AS CharacterPlayed, TITLE\_ID AS TitleID, PRINCIPAL AS NameID

FROM otitles

WHERE SUBSTRING\_INDEX(CHARACTERS\_PLAYED,";", 1) IS NOT NULL;

INSERT IGNORE INTO title\_cast(CharacterPlayed, TitleID, NameID)

SELECT SUBSTRING\_INDEX(SUBSTRING\_INDEX(CHARACTERS\_PLAYED,";", 2), ";", -1) AS CharacterPlayed, TITLE\_ID AS TitleID, PRINCIPAL AS NameID

FROM otitles

WHERE SUBSTRING\_INDEX(SUBSTRING\_INDEX(CHARACTERS\_PLAYED,";", 2), ";", -1) IS NOT NULL;

INSERT IGNORE INTO title\_cast(CharacterPlayed, TitleID, NameID)

SELECT SUBSTRING\_INDEX(SUBSTRING\_INDEX(CHARACTERS\_PLAYED,";", 3), ";", -1) AS CharacterPlayed, TITLE\_ID AS TitleID, PRINCIPAL AS NameID

FROM otitles

WHERE SUBSTRING\_INDEX(SUBSTRING\_INDEX(CHARACTERS\_PLAYED,";", 3), ";", -1) IS NOT NULL;

UPDATE title\_cast

SET CharacterPlayed = SUBSTR(CharacterPlayed, 2)

WHERE CharacterPlayed LIKE '"%';

UPDATE IGNORE title\_cast

SET CharacterPlayed = SUBSTR(CharacterPlayed, 2)

WHERE CharacterPlayed LIKE '"%';

UPDATE IGNORE title\_cast

SET CharacterPlayed = SUBSTR(CharacterPlayed, 2)

WHERE CharacterPlayed LIKE "'%";

UPDATE IGNORE title\_cast

SET CharacterPlayed = SUBSTR(CharacterPlayed, 1, LENGTH(CharacterPlayed)-1)

WHERE CharacterPlayed LIKE '%"';

### Indices

ALTER TABLE genres ADD INDEX(GenreID);

ALTER TABLE knownfor ADD INDEX(NameID);

ALTER TABLE name ADD INDEX(NameID);

ALTER TABLE professions ADD INDEX(ProfessionID);

ALTER TABLE profession\_names ADD INDEX(ProfessionID);

ALTER TABLE title ADD INDEX(TitleID);

ALTER TABLE title\_cast ADD INDEX(TitleID);

ALTER TABLE title\_crew ADD INDEX(TitleID);

ALTER TABLE title\_genre ADD INDEX(TitleID);

## Create database

See .zip

# SQL queries

### A:

**List all actors and actresses and the names of the titles for which they are known. When the title's name is not stored in the database, show the title\_id instead. Order the results by the name\_id of the actor/actress:**

SELECT Name,

CASE

WHEN Title IS NULL THEN TitleID

ELSE Title

END AS "Known for title"

FROM name

LEFT JOIN knownfor USING(NameID)

LEFT JOIN title USING(TitleID)

ORDER BY NameID ASC;

### B:

**List all writer and director pairs who have worked together at least once in a drama:**

SELECT t1.TitleID, t1.Title,

(

SELECT name.Name

FROM title t3

INNER JOIN title\_crew ON t3.TitleID = title\_crew.TitleID

INNER JOIN profession\_names ON title\_crew.NameID = profession\_names.NameID

INNER JOIN professions ON profession\_names.ProfessionID = professions.ProfessionID

INNER JOIN name ON title\_crew.NameID = name.NameID

WHERE professions.Profession = "writer" AND t3.TitleID = t1.TitleID

LIMIT 1

) AS Writer,

(

SELECT name.Name

FROM title t2

INNER JOIN title\_crew ON t2.TitleID = title\_crew.TitleID

INNER JOIN profession\_names ON title\_crew.NameID = profession\_names.NameID

INNER JOIN professions ON profession\_names.ProfessionID = professions.ProfessionID

INNER JOIN name ON title\_crew.NameID = name.NameID

WHERE professions.Profession = "director" AND t2.TitleID = t1.TitleID

LIMIT 1

) AS Director

FROM title t1

INNER JOIN title\_genre ON title\_genre.TitleID = t1.TitleID

INNER JOIN genres ON title\_genre.GenreID = genres.GenreID

WHERE genres.Genre = "Drama" AND (

SELECT name.Name

FROM title t3

INNER JOIN title\_crew ON t3.TitleID = title\_crew.TitleID

INNER JOIN profession\_names ON title\_crew.NameID = profession\_names.NameID

INNER JOIN professions ON profession\_names.ProfessionID = professions.ProfessionID

INNER JOIN name ON title\_crew.NameID = name.NameID

WHERE professions.Profession = "writer" AND t3.TitleID = t1.TitleID

LIMIT 1

) IS NOT NULL AND (

SELECT name.Name

FROM title t2

INNER JOIN title\_crew ON t2.TitleID = title\_crew.TitleID

INNER JOIN profession\_names ON title\_crew.NameID = profession\_names.NameID

INNER JOIN professions ON profession\_names.ProfessionID = professions.ProfessionID

INNER JOIN name ON title\_crew.NameID = name.NameID

WHERE professions.Profession = "director" AND t2.TitleID = t1.TitleID

LIMIT 1

) IS NOT NULL;

### C:

**List every group of “actor/actress, writer, director” who worked on the same title, ordered by title\_ID. That is, each row should contain an actor/actress, a writer and a director who all worked on the same title. Make sure that you exclude groups where the same person appears in more than one column, e.g. where one person was both writer and director:**

SELECT t1.TitleID, t1.Title, name.Name AS Actor,

(

SELECT name.Name

FROM title t2

INNER JOIN title\_crew ON t2.TitleID = title\_crew.TitleID

INNER JOIN profession\_names ON title\_crew.NameID = profession\_names.NameID

INNER JOIN professions ON profession\_names.ProfessionID = professions.ProfessionID

INNER JOIN name ON title\_crew.NameID = name.NameID

WHERE professions.Profession = "writer" AND t2.TitleID = t1.TitleID

LIMIT 1

) AS Writer,

(

SELECT name.Name

FROM title t3

INNER JOIN title\_crew ON t3.TitleID = title\_crew.TitleID

INNER JOIN profession\_names ON title\_crew.NameID = profession\_names.NameID

INNER JOIN professions ON profession\_names.ProfessionID = professions.ProfessionID

INNER JOIN name ON title\_crew.NameID = name.NameID

WHERE professions.Profession = "director" AND t3.TitleID = t1.TitleID

LIMIT 1

) AS Director

FROM title t1

INNER JOIN title\_crew ON t1.TitleID = title\_crew.TitleID

INNER JOIN name ON title\_crew.NameID = name.NameID

INNER JOIN profession\_names ON name.NameID = profession\_names.NameID

INNER JOIN professions ON profession\_names.ProfessionID = professions.ProfessionID

WHERE (professions.Profession = 'actor' OR professions.Profession = 'actress') AND (

SELECT name.Name

FROM title t2

INNER JOIN title\_crew ON t2.TitleID = title\_crew.TitleID

INNER JOIN profession\_names ON title\_crew.NameID = profession\_names.NameID

INNER JOIN professions ON profession\_names.ProfessionID = professions.ProfessionID

INNER JOIN name ON title\_crew.NameID = name.NameID

WHERE professions.Profession = "writer" AND t2.TitleID = t1.TitleID

LIMIT 1

) IS NOT NULL AND (

SELECT name.Name

FROM title t3

INNER JOIN title\_crew ON t3.TitleID = title\_crew.TitleID

INNER JOIN profession\_names ON title\_crew.NameID = profession\_names.NameID

INNER JOIN professions ON profession\_names.ProfessionID = professions.ProfessionID

INNER JOIN name ON title\_crew.NameID = name.NameID

WHERE professions.Profession = "director" AND t3.TitleID = t1.TitleID

LIMIT 1

) IS NOT NULL AND

(

SELECT name.Name

FROM title t2

INNER JOIN title\_crew ON t2.TitleID = title\_crew.TitleID

INNER JOIN profession\_names ON title\_crew.NameID = profession\_names.NameID

INNER JOIN professions ON profession\_names.ProfessionID = professions.ProfessionID

INNER JOIN name ON title\_crew.NameID = name.NameID

WHERE professions.Profession = "writer" AND t2.TitleID = t1.TitleID

LIMIT 1

) <> (

SELECT name.Name

FROM title t3

INNER JOIN title\_crew ON t3.TitleID = title\_crew.TitleID

INNER JOIN profession\_names ON title\_crew.NameID = profession\_names.NameID

INNER JOIN professions ON profession\_names.ProfessionID = professions.ProfessionID

INNER JOIN name ON title\_crew.NameID = name.NameID

WHERE professions.Profession = "director" AND t3.TitleID = t1.TitleID

LIMIT 1

);

### D:

**Count the number of people involved (in any capacity) with each genre as well as the total number of people regardless of genre:**

SELECT Genre, COUNT(DISTINCT title\_crew.NameID) AS 'Number'

FROM genres

LEFT JOIN title\_genre USING(GenreID)

LEFT JOIN title USING(TitleID)

LEFT JOIN title\_crew USING(TitleID)

GROUP BY Genre

ORDER BY Genre ASC;

### E:

**List all the living cinematographers who are known for titles with average ratings of 4.5 or less and the name of the title with their lowest rating. Order the results by the lowest average rating from highest to lowest:**

SELECT Name, AverageRating, Title

FROM Name

INNER JOIN profession\_names USING(NameID)

INNER JOIN professions USING(ProfessionID)

INNER JOIN title\_crew USING(NameID)

INNER JOIN title USING(TitleID)

WHERE Profession = "cinematographer" AND AverageRating <= 4.5 AND DeathYear IS NULL

ORDER BY AverageRating DESC;